

What are the aims and intentions of this curriculum?

The aim of our Key Stage 4 Curriculum is to ensure that students develop their ability and ambitions to communicate with native speakers in speech and writing. The study of a modern foreign language should also broaden the students' horizons and encourage them to step beyond familiar cultural boundaries and develop new ways of seeing the world.

Term	Topics	Knowledge and key terms	Skills developed	Assessment
Summer 2	<u>Theme 1 – Identity and culture</u> <u>Unit 1 – Me, my family and friends</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Getting on with others Describing family and friends Talking about future relationships Discussing future relationships choices <u>PSHE – families, respectful relationships, online media</u> <u>Careers – counselling skills</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reflexive verbs Direct object pronouns Immediate future (to go to + infinitive) and future tense (will + verb) Future tense Use of dont <p>mon-ma-mes ton-ta-tes son-sa-ses Je m'entends bien avec ... Je ne m'entends pas bien avec ... Je me dispute (rarement) avec ... jaloux-jalouse(s) égoïste(s) / sympa(s) généreux-généreuse(s) casse-pieds mes parents sont séparés / divorcés On a les mêmes goûts. / Nous avons beaucoup de choses en commun. Je vais me marier. / Je ne vais pas me marier. (J'espère que) je me marierai et (que) j'aurai des enfants.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ignoring words which are not needed Using cognates and near cognates Answering unprepared questions 	On-going regular vocabulary tests GCSE speaking questions on the topic Summative assessment speaking and writing skills
Autumn 1	<u>Theme 1 – Identity and culture</u> <u>Unit 2 – Technology in everyday life</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use of social media Pros and cons of social media Use of mobile technology 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Present tense of common irregular verbs Present of regular -er and -ir verbs aller, faire and other common irregular verbs present of more irregular verbs using grâce à using on <p>Grâce à la technologie ...</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pronunciation of verb endings Building your speaking and writing skills Collecting useful phrases by making notes of phrases that can be used in speaking and writing 	On-going regular vocabulary tests and GCSE speaking questions on the topic Summative assessment listening, reading and writing skills tbc

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Benefits and dangers of mobile technology <p>PSHE – Online and media</p> <p>Careers – role of media, development of cyber security and gaming industries</p>	<p>Je peux vivre sans mon portable. J'envoie des textos. Mes copains disent que ... J'aime partager mes photos avec ... Je télécharge de la musique / des films. On peut télécharger / lire / envoyer ... Il est dangereux de ... Il faut faire attention à ... Il y a des risques de ... Je limite le temps ...</p>	
Autumn 2	<p>Theme 1 – Identity and culture</p> <p>Unit 3 – Free time activities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describing free time activities in the past Talking about leisure activities Talking about different cuisines and eating out Discussing world food and eating habits Talking about sports you love Discussing new sports and taking risks in sports <p>PSHE – Physical health and fitness, healthy lifestyles, drugs, alcohol and tobacco</p> <p>Careers – hospitality industry and medicine</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Perfect tense of regular verbs (with être and avoir) Revision of the future tense Time phrases Verb + infinitive Demonstrative pronouns Developing sentences using lorsque, quand and si Using the pronouns en and y <p>Je suis allé(e) au ciné / en ville / Je suis sorti(e) en ville J'ai joué au foot J'ai fait un peu de sport On a organisé ... Le week-end dernier / Samedi dernier ce week-end / Le soir La semaine prochaine, nous partirons ... Le week-end prochain, je regarderai un film. Je resterai chez moi / J'irai ... / je ferai mes devoirs Je suis végétarien(ne) J'adore la nourriture épicee. J'adore manger / boire ... Je peux boire ... Je vais faire ... J'adore le fromage mais celui que je préfère, c'est ... C'est un plat équilibré C'est bon pour la santé Quand j'avais quinze ans, ... Je m'entraîne quand je peux Lorsque je suis allé(e) ...</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adding reasons to produce more complex sentences Making use of grammatical markers Listening for details Translation strategies Using common patterns between French and English while reading Structuring a debate <p>On-going regular vocabulary tests and speaking role plays</p> <p>GCSE speaking questions on the topic</p> <p>Summative assessment listening, reading and speaking tbc</p>

		<p>Si je peux, j'irai au Canada Je fais du sport. J'en fais tous les jours. Je vais aux États-Unis. J'y vais.</p>		
Spring 1	<p>Theme 1 – Identity and culture Unit 4 – Customs and festivals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talking about how we celebrate • Discussing what traditions mean to you • Describing international festivals • Describing an event <p>PSHE – Families, Cultural awareness across different religions and beliefs</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reflexive verbs in the present tense • Using the perfect infinitive • Imperfect tense of common verbs • Using the imperfect and perfect tenses together • Rules of agreement with the perfect infinitive • Using en, au/aux/à + countries and towns <p>Ma fête préférée, c'est Noël, Pâques, l'Aïd, mon anniversaire ... J'adore célébrer ... C'est une fête religieuse / traditionnelle / de famille En général, on mange, on fait des blagues, on fait des cadeaux L'année dernière, je suis allé(e) chez ma tante. On a mangé ... J'ai pensé que c'était génial/rigolo. Après avoir regardé le film, je suis allé(e) au restaurant avec ... Je suis pour / contre les fêtes / les traditions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requesting help • Using a word which refers to a similar item • Making use of social and cultural context when reading • Developing knowledge of French speaking countries' 	<p>On-going regular vocabulary tests and speaking role plays</p> <p>GCSE speaking questions on the topic</p> <p>Summative assessment reading and speaking skills tbc</p>
Spring 2	<p>Theme 2 – Local, national, international and global area of interest Unit 5 – Home, town, neighbourhood and region</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describing your home/ideal home • Describing what a town is like • Describing a region <p>PSHE – Families, community, social issues</p> <p>Careers in the travel and tourism industry and the housing sector</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Negative phrases followed by de • The conditional of regular verbs • Demonstrative adjectives • Recognising possessive pronouns • The conditional of irregular verbs • Prepositions • Revision of comparatives and superlative adjectives <p>Ma maison est située au centre-ville, près des commerces. Au rez-de-chaussée, nous avons plusieurs pièces. Au premier étage, il y a un salon moderne et spacieux. J'ai de la chance parce que ... L'un des avantages de ma maison c'est que ... Ma maison de rêve se trouverait ... Il y aurait ...</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Using verbal context when listening • Using questions to formulate answers • Recognising common patterns in French when listening • Using negatives to add complexity 	<p>On-going regular vocabulary tests and speaking role plays</p> <p>Summative assessment listening and writing tbc</p>

		<i>J'aimerais / Je préfèrerais ...</i>		
Summer 1	<p>Theme 2 – Local, national, international and global area of interest</p> <p>Unit 6 – Social Issues</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Charity work and understanding its importance • Comparing old and new health habits • Describing health resolutions <p>PSHE – Families, community, global issues, drugs, alcohol and tobacco, mental well-being</p> <p>Careers – charity workers and volunteers and work experience</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The conditional of vouloir and aimer • Vouloir que + subjunctive • The imperfect tense of être, avoir and faire • Il vaut mieux / il vaudrait mieux <p>Je suis bénévole ... Je travaille tous les week-ends / deux fois par semaine Je veux que.... Que j'aille. Que j'aie. Que je sois. Que je fasse Que je puisse L'association caritative, le chômeur, le porte-parole, le sans-abri / les SDF (Sans Domicile Fixe), le seuil de la pauvreté, seul Il vaut mieux, Il vaudrait mieux Mon mode de vie pour commencer maintenant finalement</p>	<p>On-going regular vocabulary tests and speaking role plays</p> <p>Summative assessment listening, reading and writing tbc</p>	